

REPORT ON

**SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA
BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA.**

Submitted to

**CHIEF ENGINEER
BSEIDC, PATNA**

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PREFACE

The present report on sub-soil investigation was carried out as per Chief Engineer, BSEIDC, Patna letter no BSEIDC/TECH/1960(P)/2018-3609 dated 21.04.2023.

The entire investigation process was broadly divided into two category –one field work and second was laboratory work.

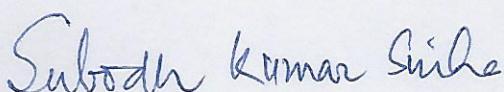
Field work includes conducting SPT ,Dynamic cone test, collection of disturbed as well as undisturbed soil samples from different location and different depth of sub-soil strata.

It was tried to get information from local people to get an idea about variation of water table during different season of year and also to get first hand information about type of foundation usually provided in the locality.

We thanks Prof. M.P.Jakhanwal(Retired) ,M.Tech ,Ph.D. ,Muzaffarpur Institute of Technology, Muzaffarpur for his valuable advice during laboratory test and during preparation of report.

Client's help is gratefully acknowledged in providing Bore hole locations, cooperation and guidance during finalization of report.

We belief that the present report will serve the purpose, for which sub-soil investigation has been carried out.



Subodh Kumar Sinha

Partner, Shamvvi Consultant

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REPORT ON SUB-SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA.

1. INTRODUCTION

The objective of subsoil investigation reported here in, were taken up, to find out the nature of subsoil at the site of the proposed construction and to recommend the type or types of foundation suitable for it and the corresponding allowable bearing capacity.

The necessary field tests were carried out at the site. Soil samples from various depths in the different bore holes were collected, transported, carefully to the laboratory and tested to determine the engineering properties of the soil.

Based on the test results, certain recommendation were made and given in this report, regarding the type of foundation suitable for the proposed project and the allowable bearing capacity for certain sizes thereof.

2. TOPOGRAPHY

The land in question was even.

3. FIELD WORK

The field work consists of boring, soil sampling and conduct of Standard penetration tests and Dynamic cone penetration tests.

3.1 BORING

An appropriate number of boreholes of adequate depth were sunk at suitable spots as per direction of Engineer-in-charge. The details of the boreholes are given in table-1.

Table 1: Details of bore holes

DIAMETER OF BORE MM	DEPTH M	BORE HOLE
150	10.5	3 Bore Holes (BH-1 to BH-3)

The borings were kept dry while advancing through partially saturated soil. The position of water table in a borehole was recorded at least 48 hours after the stopping of the boring operation.

For boring below ground water level, the borehole was kept filled with water upto that level during boring.

3.2 SAMPLING

Undisturbed & disturbed samples were collected at different depth/where change of strata occurred. Identification slips were provided both inside and outside the tube.

On arrival in laboratory, the identification slips were checked against the boring and sampling records. Samples were extracted from the tubes just before testing.

3.3 STANDARD PENETRATION TEST

This test was performed in the boreholes at interval of depth of 1.5m, or at the change of start/ as per IS: 2131 of 1963.

3.4 DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST

This test was performed when a bore hole could not be advanced to desired depth due to caving- in of the soil, or when it was felt necessary to supplement the information gained from SPT. This test was performed, as per relevant IS code till high value of penetration resistance was encountered or till desired depth of investigation was reached, at which stage the test was stopped.

CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA.

4. LABORATORY TEST

Lab. Test was performed to determine the following properties of soil samples as per relevant I.S. code.

- (a) Natural moisture content.
- (b) Bulk density.
- (c) Atterberg's limits (on fine grained soil only)
- (d) Grain size analysis.
- (e) Specific gravity.
- (f) Shear test.
- (i) Unconfined/triaxial compression tests for fine-grained soils.
- (ii) Direct shear test for coarse-grained soils.
- (g) Consolidation tests for fine grained soils.
- (h) Organic content, chemical test etc.
- (i) pH of soil and water.
- (j) Free swell Index
- (k) Crushing strength test (uniaxial)

4.1 SAMPLE EXTRACTION & PREPARATION OF TEST SPECIMENS

Samples for different tests were prepared as per method described in relevant IS code/as per method described in standard book.

4.2 ROUTINE CLASSIFICATION TESTS.

Tests for the determination of natural moisture content, bulk density, Atterberg's limit, grain size distribution and specific gravity were performed as per IS code on representative disturbed soil samples, wherever felt necessary. The results were used in classifying the soils of different strata as per IS code 1498-1970.

5.0 PRESENTATION OF TEST RESULT

Results were presented in table form on the following pages.

6.0 METHOD FOR CALCULATION OF ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY

6.1 COHESIVE SOIL

Net ultimate bearing capacity was calculated as per IS-6403-1981.
 $q_d = cN_cS_cD_cI_c$

q_d = net ultimate bearing capacity

$N_c=5.14$

$S_c=1$ for strip footing

$D_c=1+0.2*D/B$

$I_c=1$ for vertical loading

c = cohesion obtained through unconfined compression test for depth of $2B/3$ below the foundation.

Settlement criteria

$S=H/(1+e_0)*C_c*\log((p_0+p_1)/p_0)$

S = settlement

H = thickness of compressible layer

CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA

e_0 =initial void ratio

p_0 =initial effective pressure

p_1 =pressure increment

C_c =compression index

6.2 Soil with the value of c & θ

Net ultimate bearing capacity was calculated as per IS 6403-1981

$$Q_d = c N_c S_c D_c I_c + q (N_q - 1) S_q D_q I_q + 0.5 R * B_N r * S_r * D_r * I_r * w'$$

For local shear failure

$$\tan \underline{\theta}' = 0.67 * \tan \underline{\theta}$$

$$C' = 2 * c / 3$$

$S_c = S_q = S_r = 1$ for strip footing

$$D_c = 1 + 0.2 * (D/B) * \tan(45 + \underline{\theta}/2)$$

$I_c = I_q = I_r = 1$ for vertical loading

$$D_q = D_r = 1 + 0.1 * (D/B) \tan(45 + \underline{\theta}/2)$$

$$q = (R - R_w) * D$$

M = moisture content

R = bulk density of soil

R_w =unit weight of water

L.L.= liquid limit

P.L.=plastic limit

S.L.= shrinkage limit

D=depth below ground level

Settlement criteria

The net allowable bearing capacity for a permissible settlement of 25mm, was obtained by

teng's formula

$$Q_{n_a} = 3.5 * (N - 3) * \{(B + 0.3) / 2 * B\} * \{(B + 0.3) / 2 * B\} * w' * F_d$$

N= corrected N

$F_d = 1 + D/B$ less than or equal to 2

CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA

7.0 METHOD FOR CALCULATION OF CAPACITY OF CAST-IN-SITU PLANE PILE AS PER BIS 2911 Part I/Sec 2-1979

7.1 COHESIVE SOIL

Net ultimate bearing capacity of pile is given by :

$$Q = A_p * N_c * C_p + a * C * A_s$$

A_p =cross sectional area of pile toe in cm²

N_c =Bearing capacity factor usually taken as 9

C_p =average cohesion at pile tip in Kg/cm

a =reduction factor

C = average cohesion throughout the length of pile in kg/cm²

A_s = surface area of pile shaft in cm²

8.0 METHOD FOR CALCULATION OF CAPACITY OF CAST-IN-SITU PLANE PILE AS PER BIS 2911 Part III-1980

8.1 COHESIVE SOIL

Net ultimate bearing capacity of pile is given by :

$$Q = A_p * N_c * C_p + A_a N_c * C'a + C'a * A_s' + a * C_a * A_s$$

A_p =cross sectional area of pile toe in cm²

N_c =Bearing capacity factor usually taken as 9

C_p = cohesion of soil around toe.

a =reduction factor

$$A_a = \pi * (D_u^2 - D^2) / 4$$

$C'a$ = average cohesion around under ream

D_u =dia of under-ream, D =dia of pile

A_s = surface area of pile shaft in cm²

A_s' =surface area of stem

$A's$ =surface area of the cylinder circumscribing the under ream.

Sogea H.S. Bihas Sari

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Δ

Topographic Survey at Nagaon

BH₁ 15.50

18.60

BH₂ 6.70

area

50

15 m

9 m

old Building

Survey No. 1 - 31 Oct 1988

Width 1m

1410 ft or

50

BS 0200 feet (0) m

100



SIKSHA BHAWAN
NALANDA BIHAR SHARIF

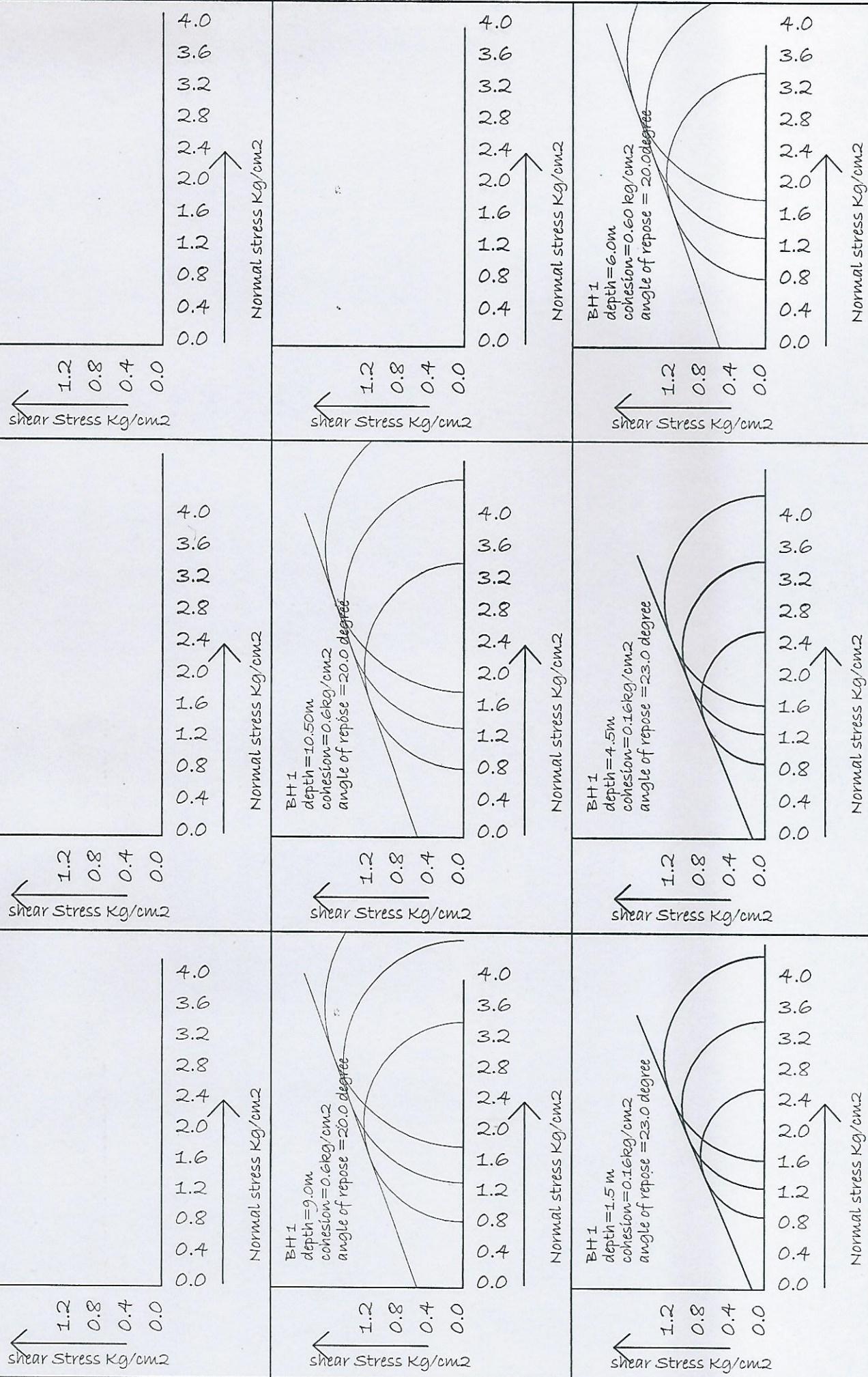
NAME OF PROJECT : SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA		BORING DATES		TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5		TABLE NO.:2	
		START : 13.05.2023		WATER TABLE DEPTH :		BORE HOLE NO : BH1	
		FINISH : 13.05.2023					
DS	G.L.	SAMPLE NO	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE CURVE	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS	ATTERBERG'S LIMITS
DS1							
SPT1	1.5	17					
DS2							
SPT2	3	28					
DS3							
SPT3	4.5	29					
UDS	4						
SPT4	6	45					
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST		UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST		DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST		SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE	
1 SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDLED SAMPLE							
NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 t/m ²							

SAMPLe NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	SPT BLOWS PER 30 CM	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE CURVE		VISUAL DESCRIPTION OF SOIL WITH B.I.S.	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS	ATTERBERG'S LIMITS	DENSITY	PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST	TYPE OF TEST	VOID RATIO e _o	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	COHESION C _c (kg/cm ²)	INDEX Cc	COMPRESSION TEST	CONSISTENCY LIMITS	UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED COMPRESSION TEST	BORE HOLE NO : BH2	TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5	BORE DATES	TABLE NO : 4
					S	T																						
DS	G.L.																											
DS1																												
SPT1	1.5	17																										
DS2																												
SPT2	3	25																										
DS3																												
SPT3	4.5	29																										
UDS	4																											
SPT4	6	45																										
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST		UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST												DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST		SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE												
! SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDDED SAMPLE		UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE												SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE		NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 t/m ²												8

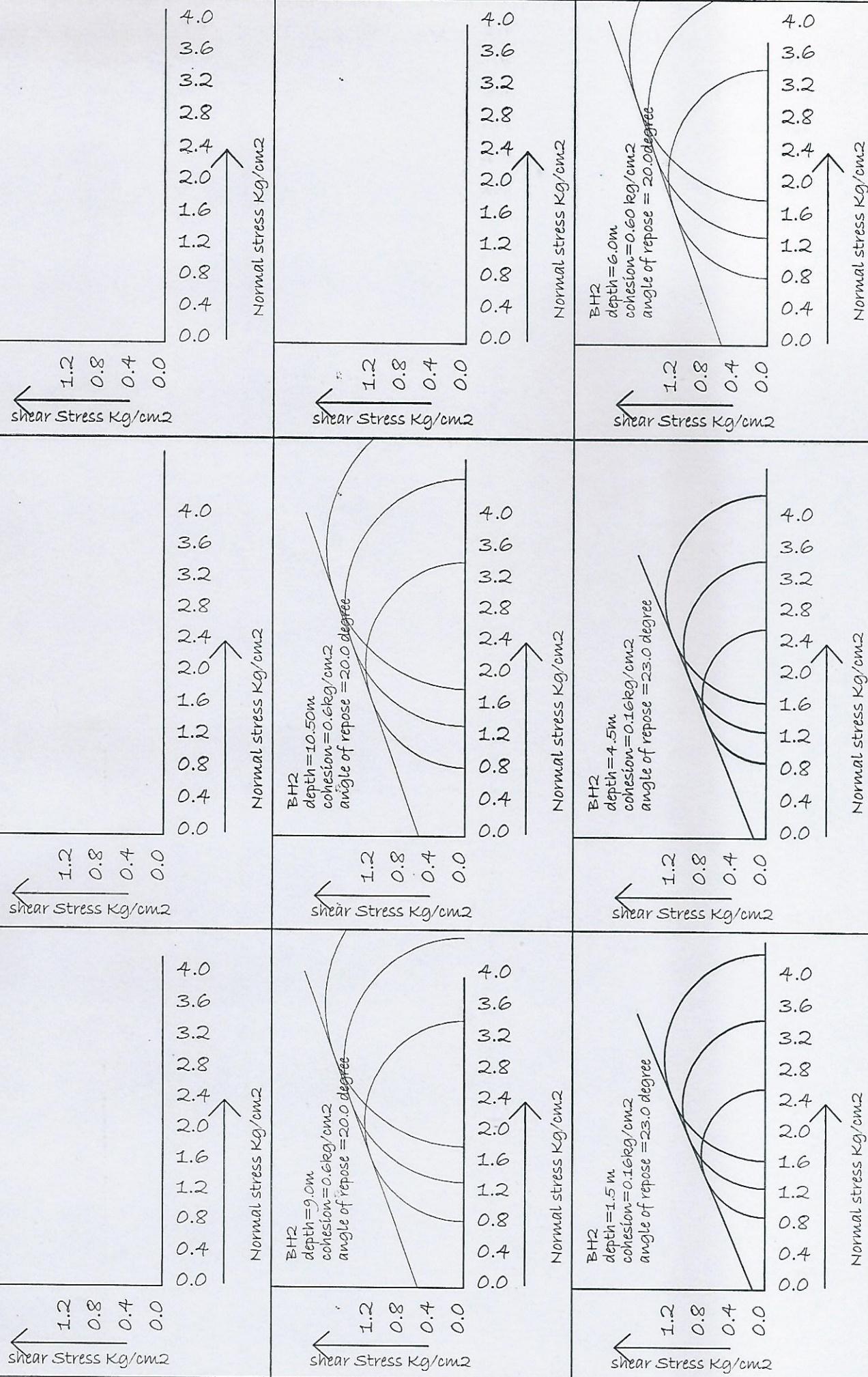
CONSULTANTS 414 J.T.C., FRASE R ROAD, PATNA	NAME OF PROJECT : SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA										BOILING DATES START : 13.05.2023 FINISH : 13.05.2023	TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5 WATER TABLE DEPTH : BORE HOLE NO : BH2	TABLE NO. 5								
	SAMPLE NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	VISUAL DESCRIPTION OF SOIL WITH B.I.S.	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS	ATTERBERGS LIMITS	DENSITY	PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	WATER MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	INDEX OF CONSOLIDATION TEST ^a	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	VOID RATIO e _o	INDEX OF COMPRESSION	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	COMFICIENT OF VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY M _v cm ³ /kg
UDS 5	5	10	20		Brownish Yellowish Clayey Silt ML/CL 0.5	GRAYEL (%) SAND (%) SILT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC LIMIT	DENSITY	PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	WATER MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	INDEX OF CONSOLIDATION TEST ^a	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	VOID RATIO e _o	INDEX OF COMPRESSION	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	COMFICIENT OF VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY M _v cm ³ /kg
SPT5 7.5	7.5	29			Brownish Yellowish Clayey Silt ML/CL 0.5	GRAYEL (%) SAND (%) SILT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC LIMIT	DENSITY	PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	WATER MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	INDEX OF CONSOLIDATION TEST ^a	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	VOID RATIO e _o	INDEX OF COMPRESSION	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	COMFICIENT OF VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY M _v cm ³ /kg
UDS 6					Brownish Yellowish Clayey Silt ML/CL 0.7	GRAYEL (%) SAND (%) SILT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC LIMIT	DENSITY	PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	WATER MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	INDEX OF CONSOLIDATION TEST ^a	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	VOID RATIO e _o	INDEX OF COMPRESSION	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	COMFICIENT OF VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY M _v cm ³ /kg
SPT6 9.0	9.0	29			Brownish Yellowish Clayey Silt ML/CL 0.7	GRAYEL (%) SAND (%) SILT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC LIMIT	DENSITY	PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	WATER MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	INDEX OF CONSOLIDATION TEST ^a	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	VOID RATIO e _o	INDEX OF COMPRESSION	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	COMFICIENT OF VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY M _v cm ³ /kg
UDS 7					Brownish Yellowish Clayey Silt ML/CL 0.6	GRAYEL (%) SAND (%) SILT (%)	LIQUID LIMIT PLASTIC LIMIT	DENSITY	PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	WATER MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	INDEX OF CONSOLIDATION TEST ^a	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	VOID RATIO e _o	INDEX OF COMPRESSION	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST ^a	COMFICIENT OF VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY M _v cm ³ /kg
SPT7 10.5	10.5	21																			COMFICIENT OF VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY M _v cm ³ /kg
NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 kN/m ²										TEST : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST										DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST	
! SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDLED SAMPLE										UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE										SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE	

SAMPLE NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	VISUAL DESCRIPTION OF SOIL WITH B.I.S.	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS			PLASTICITY INDEX	BULK DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	COHESION C _c (kg/cm ²)	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	VOID RATIO e _o	INDEX C _c	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST	SHEAR TEST	CONSISTENCY LIMITS	COMPRESSION TEST a	CUBE TEST b	VOLUME CM ³ /KG	COMPRESSIBILITY M _v	BORE HOLE NO : BH3	TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5	BORING DATES : 13.05.2023	WATER TABLE DEPTH : FINISH : 14.05.2023	TABLE NO : 6	
					SAND (%)	SILT (%)	CLAY (%)																						
DS	G.L.																												
DS1				Filled up soil(Broken Brick)																									
SPT1	1.5	15		10.6	22.50	66.9	29	23	6	1.96	1.72	14.2	2.62	UUT	0.16	23.0													
DS2				Filled up soil(Broken Brick)	11.1	14.60	74.3	33	20	13	1.96	1.73	13.5	2.65															
SPT2	3	24		Filled up soil(Broken Brick)	11.6	19.80	68.6	33	20	13	1.96	1.72	13.8	2.65	UUT	0.16	23.00												
DS3				Brownish Clayey Silt ML/CL	0.5	8.00	91.5	34	23	11	1.98	1.65	20.2	2.64	UUT	0.6	20.00												
SPT3	4.5	27																											
UDS	4																												
SPT4	6	42																											
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST				UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST				DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST				SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE				NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 kN/m ²													
1 SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDLED SAMPLE				UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE																									

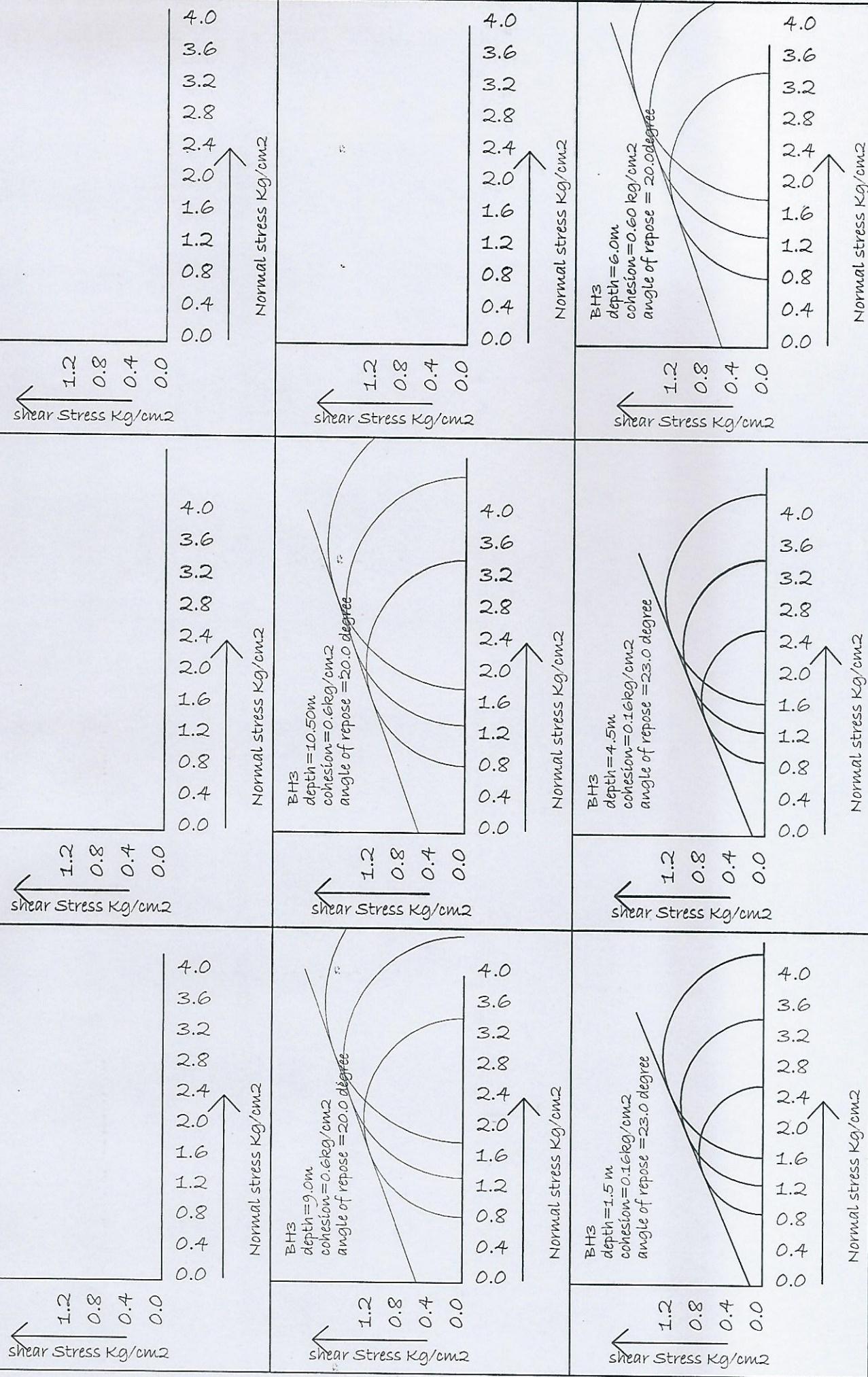
TRIAXIAL/DIRECT TEST RESULT



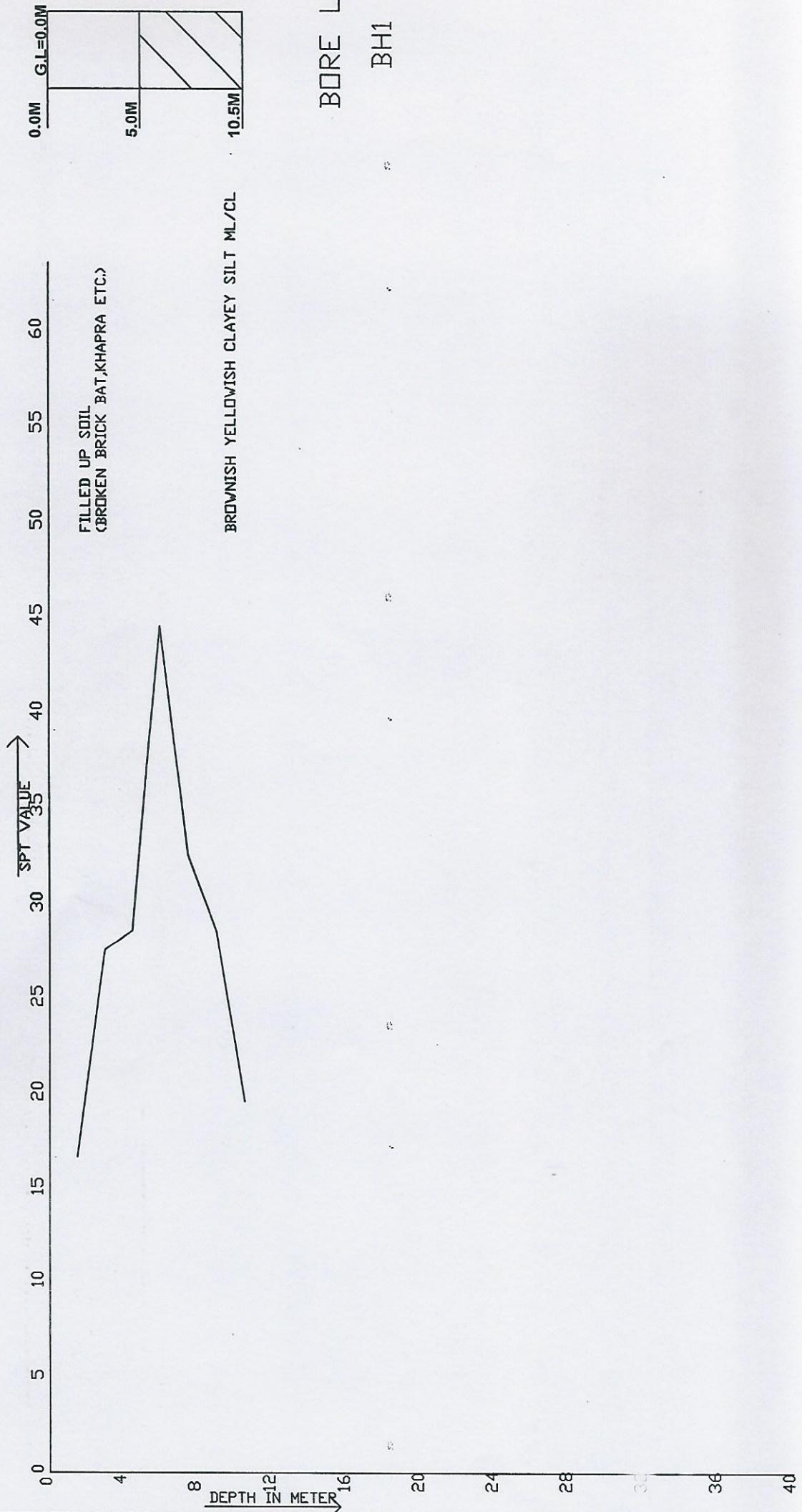
TRIAXIAL/DIRECT TEST RESULT



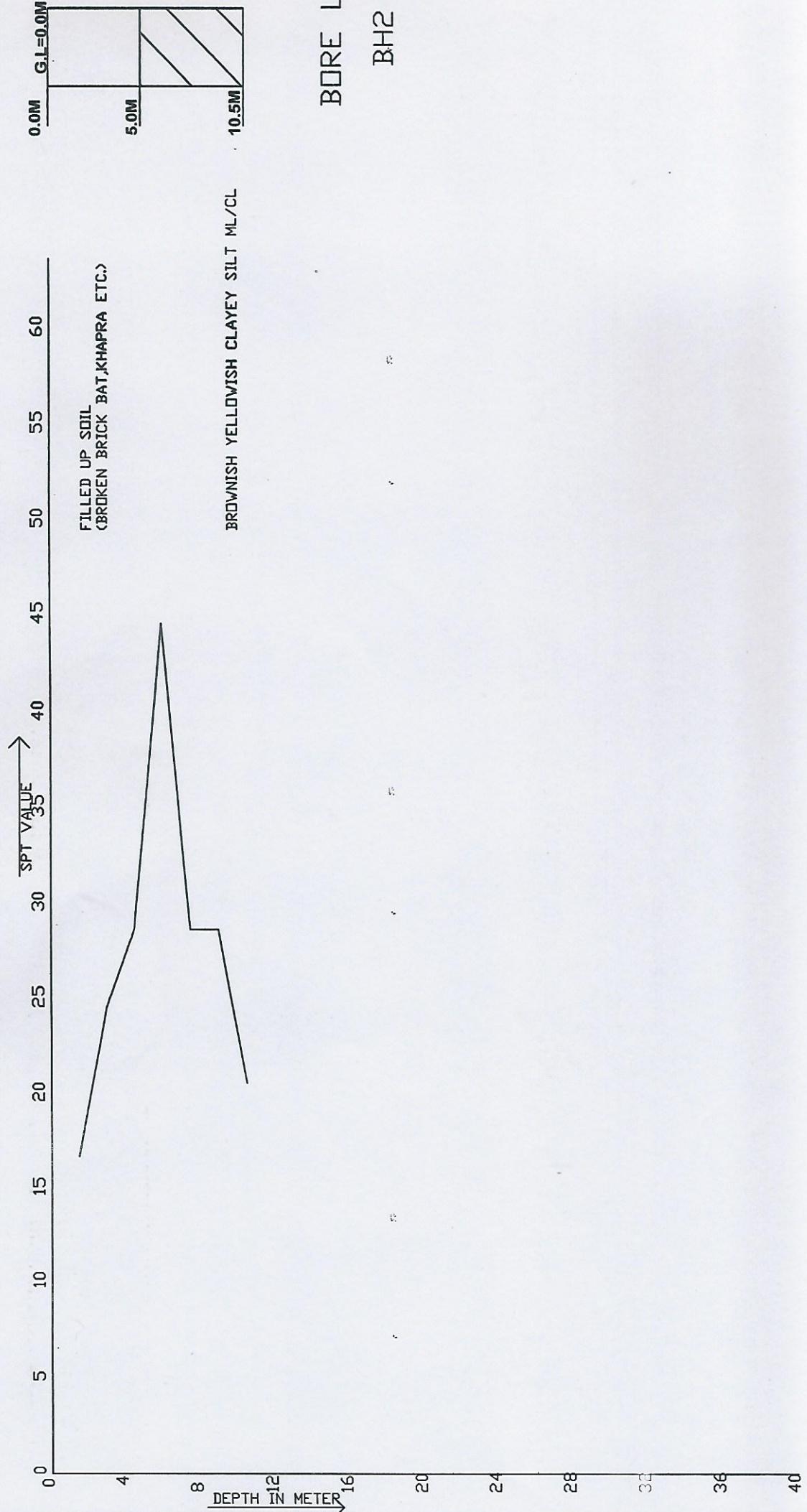
TRIAXIAL/DIRECT TEST RESULT



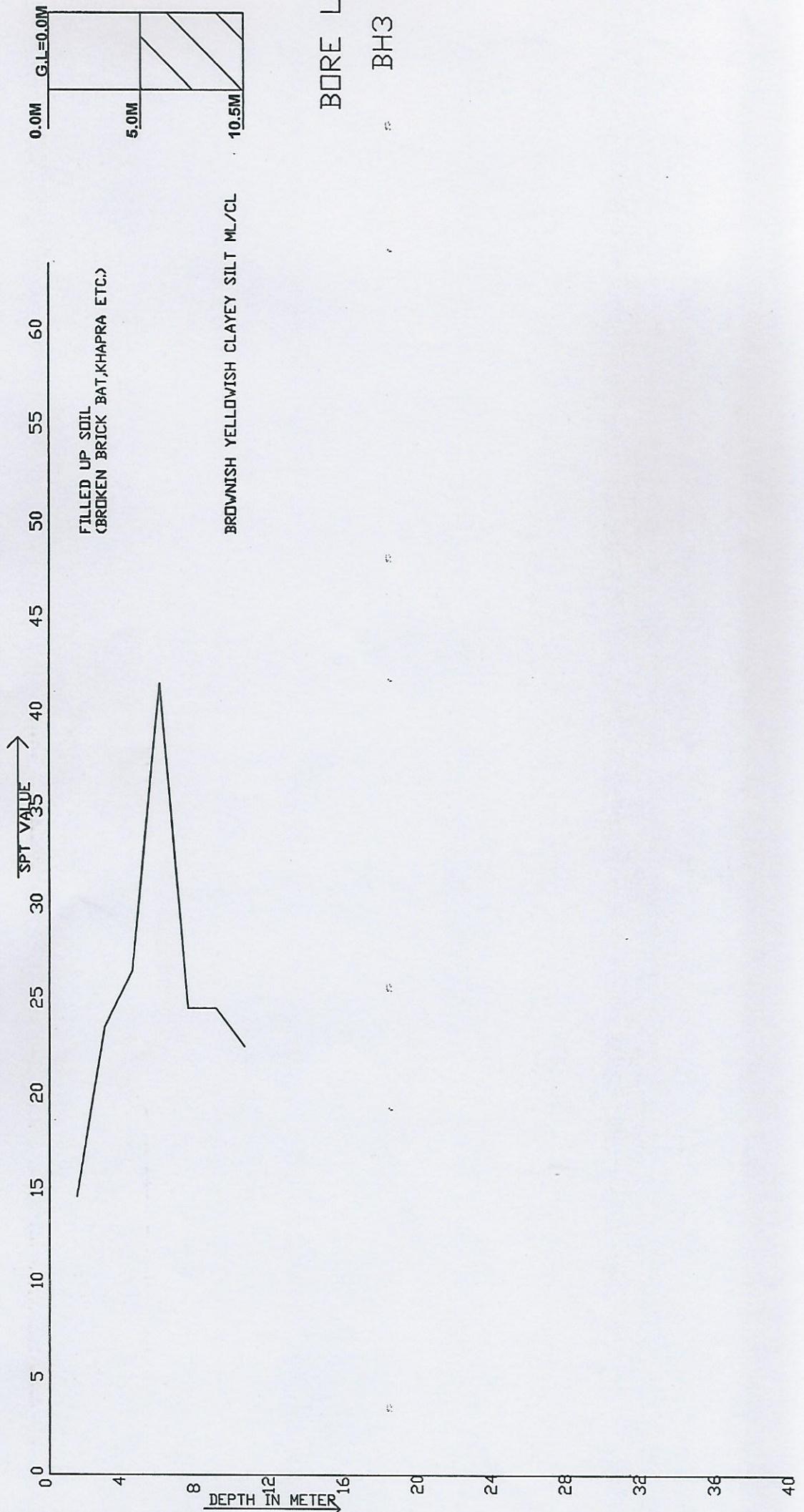
BORE LOG AND DEPTH~ SPT GRAPH (PROPOSED SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA)

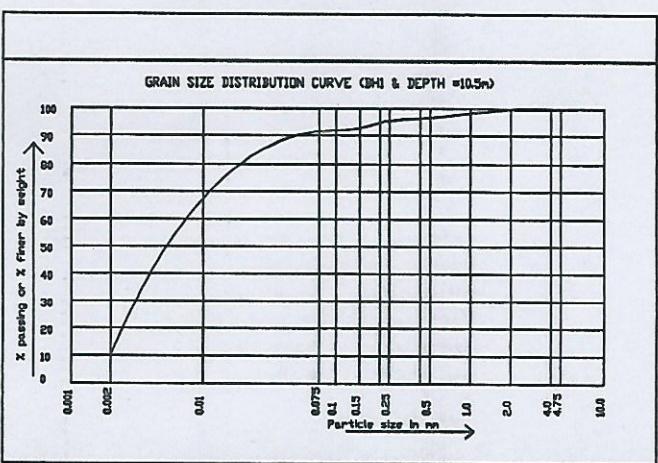
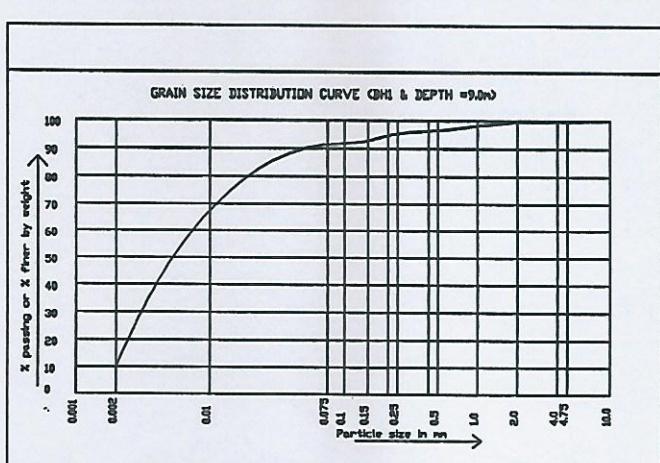
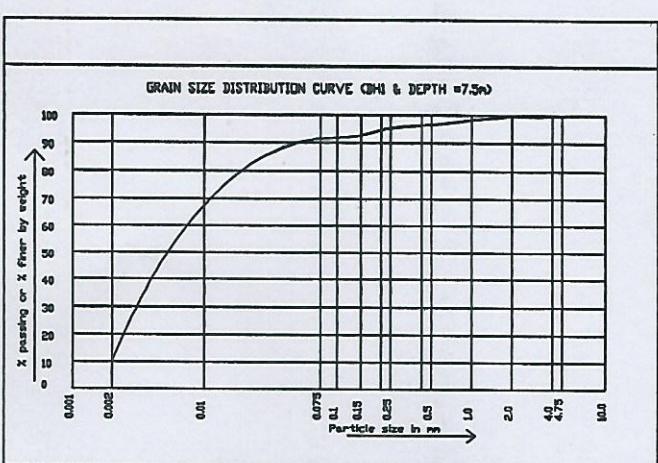
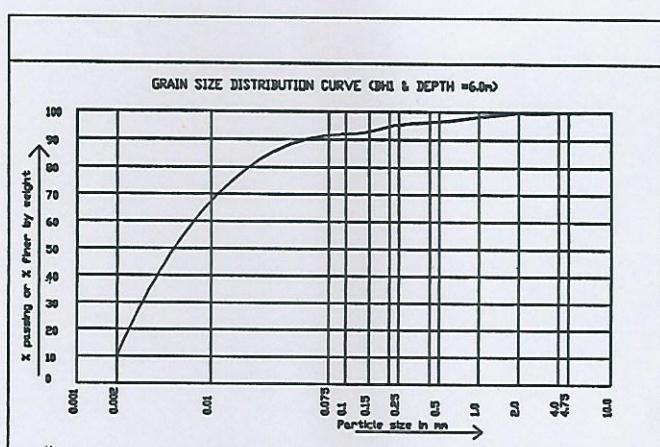
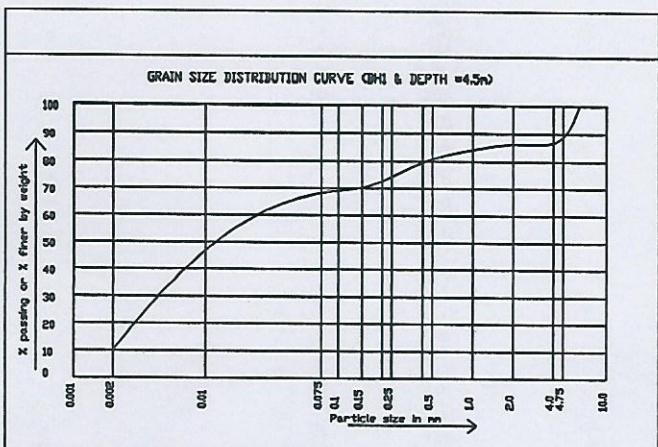
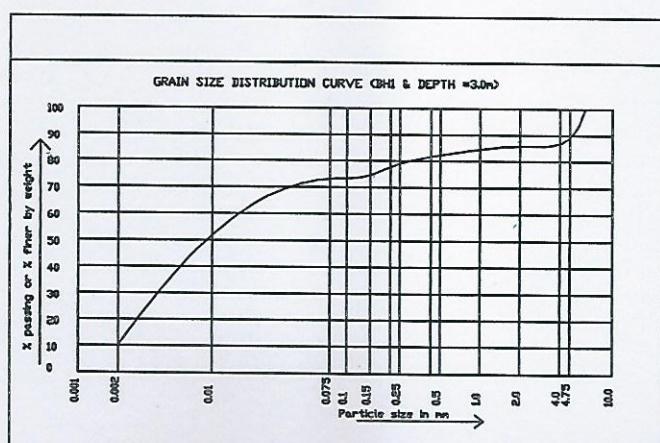
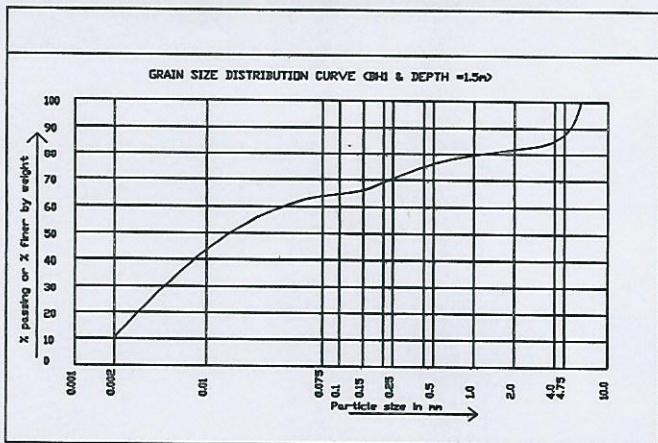


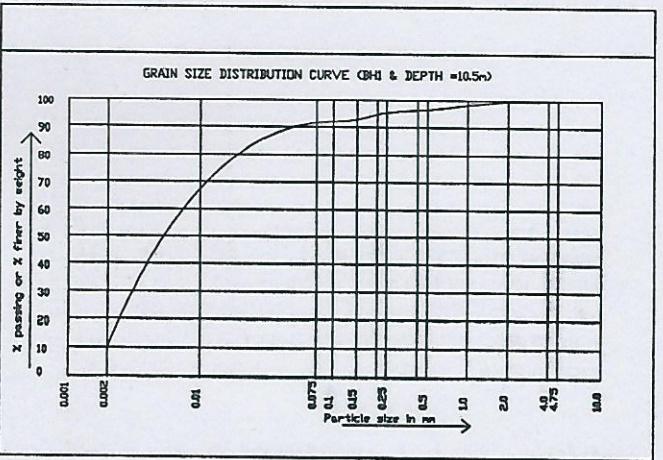
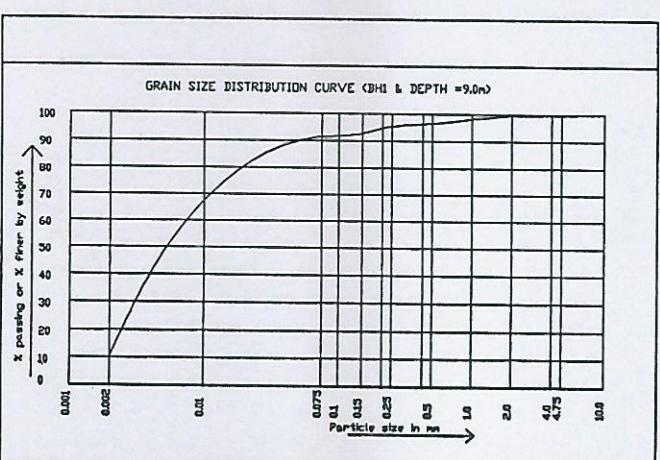
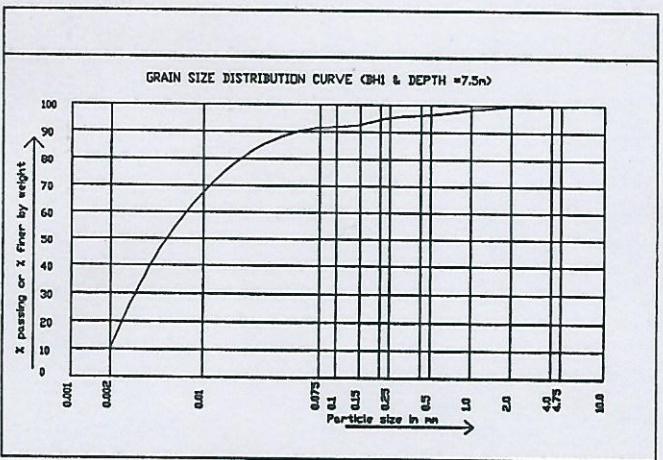
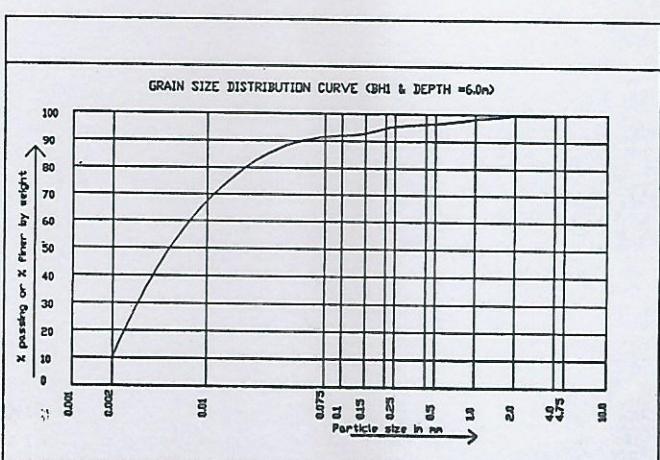
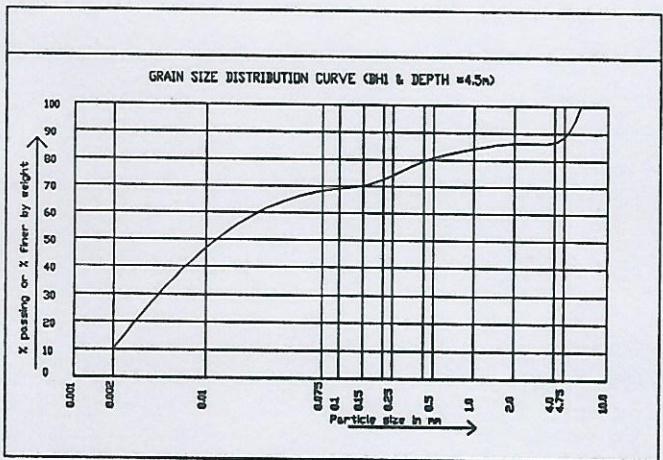
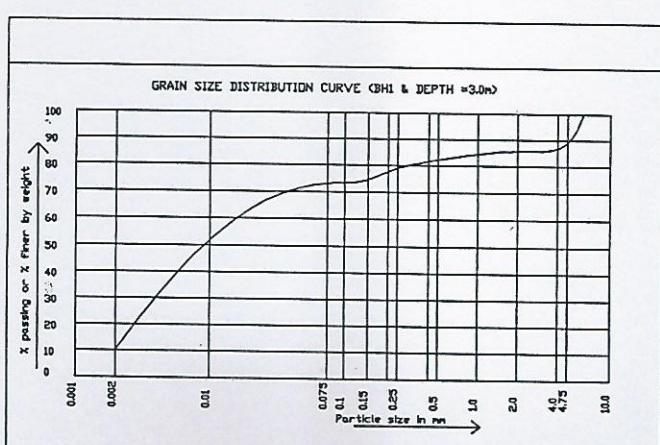
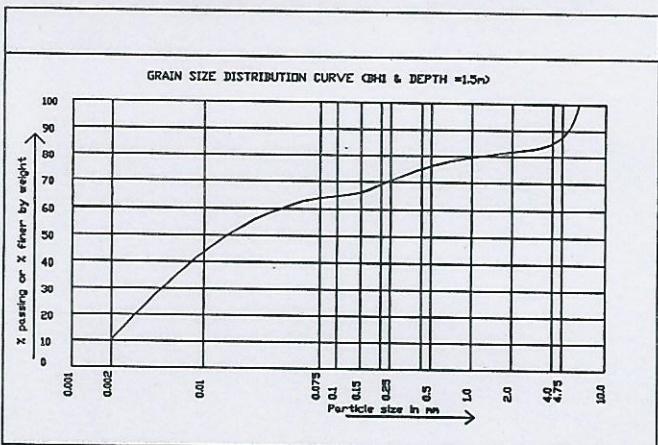
BORE LOG AND DEPTH~ SPT GRAPH (PROPOSED SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA)

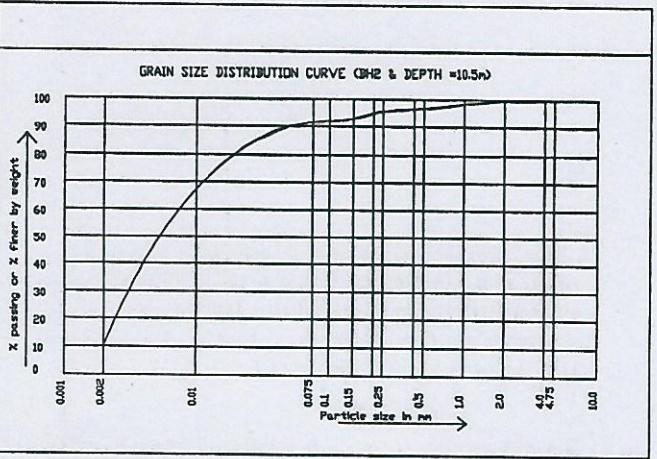
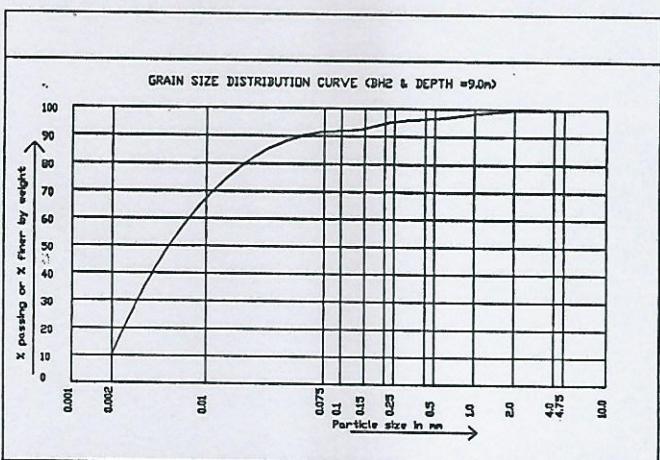
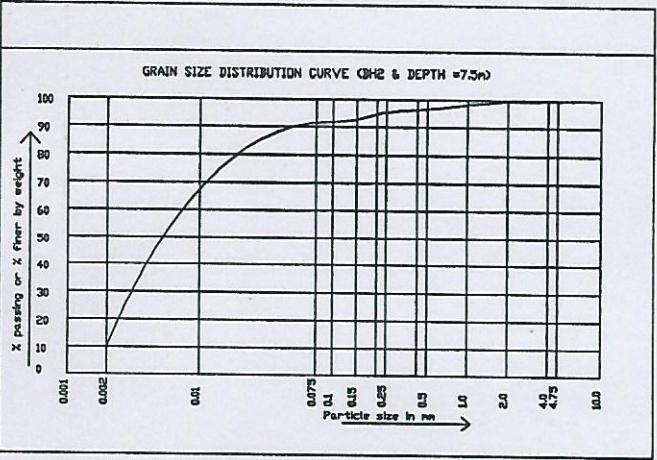
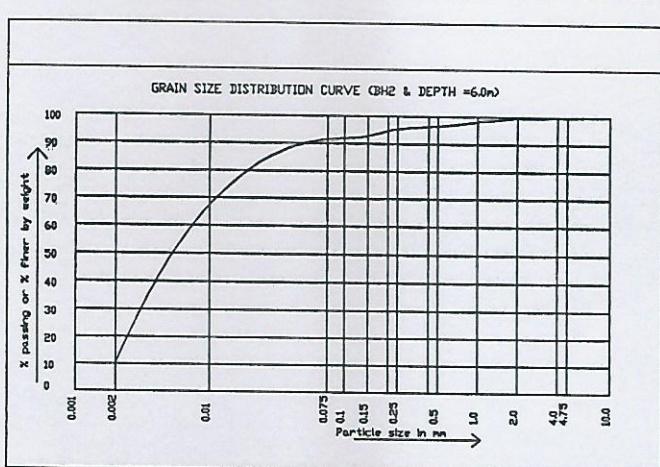
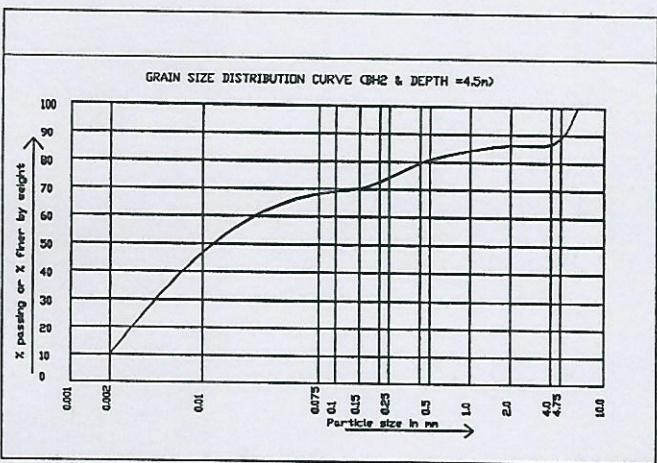
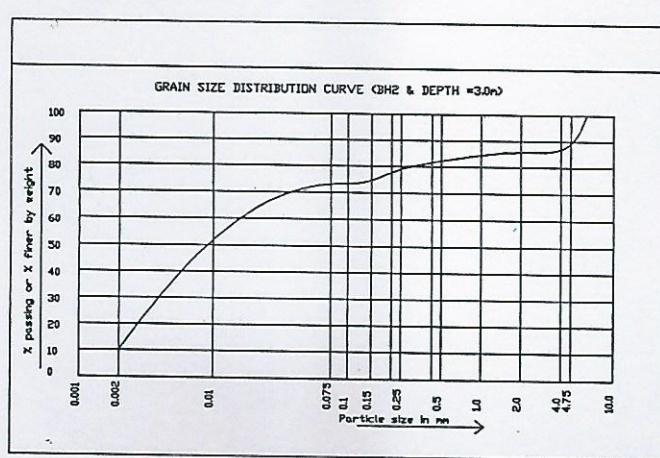
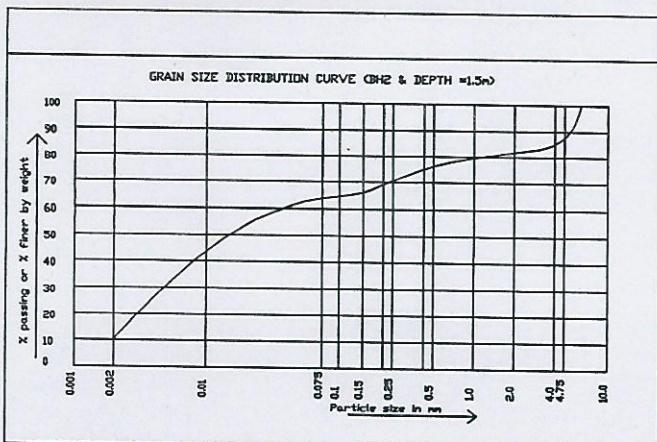


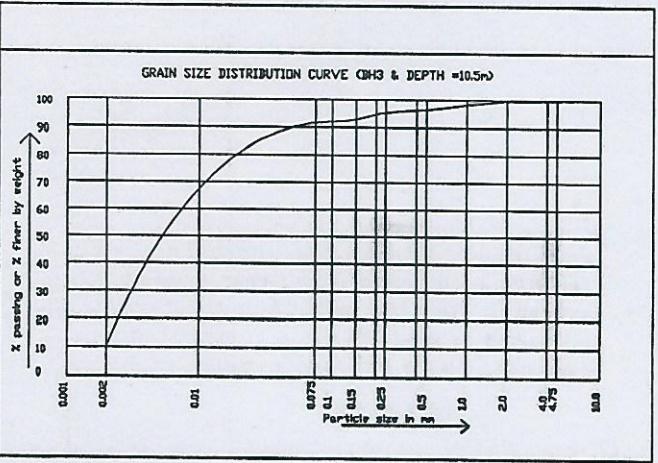
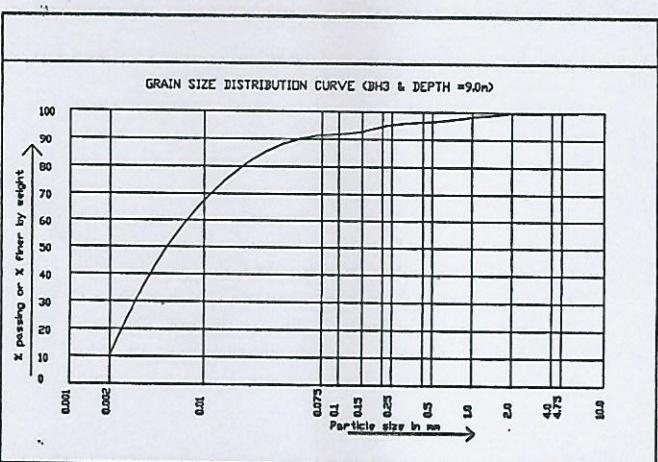
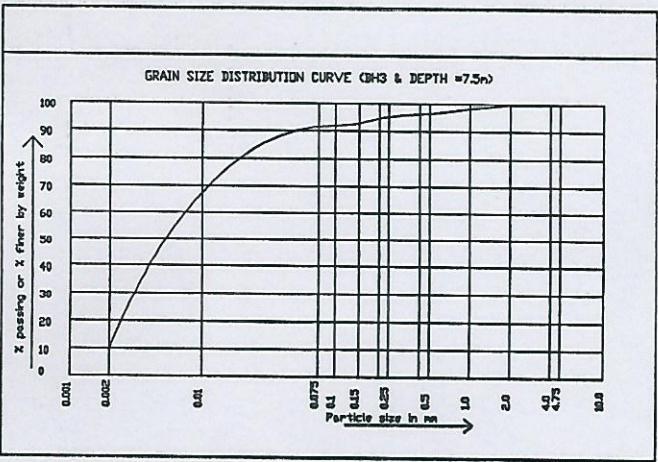
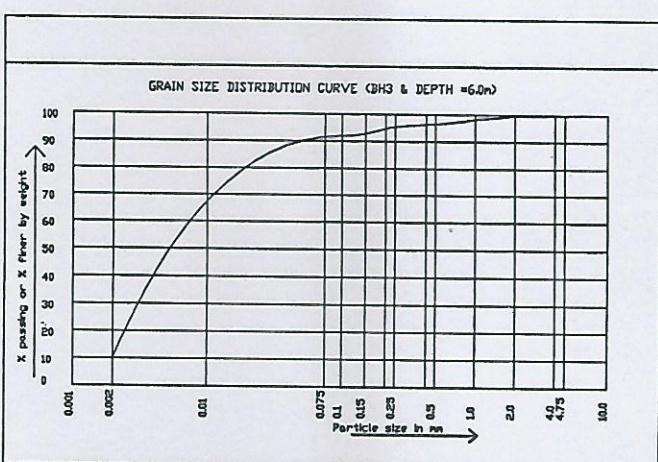
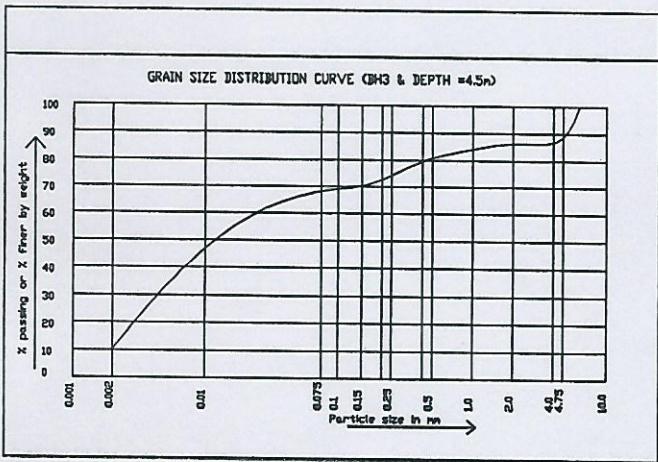
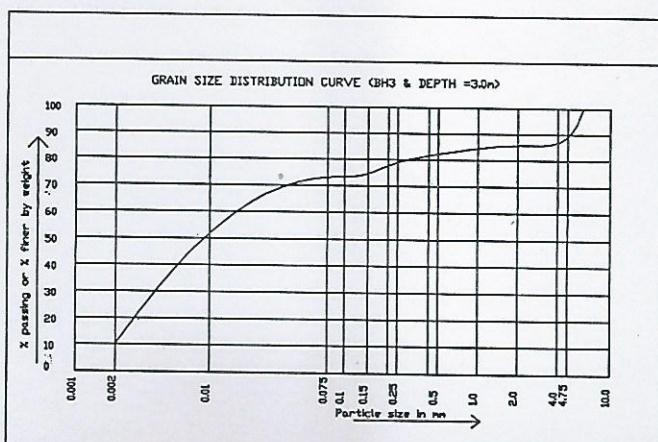
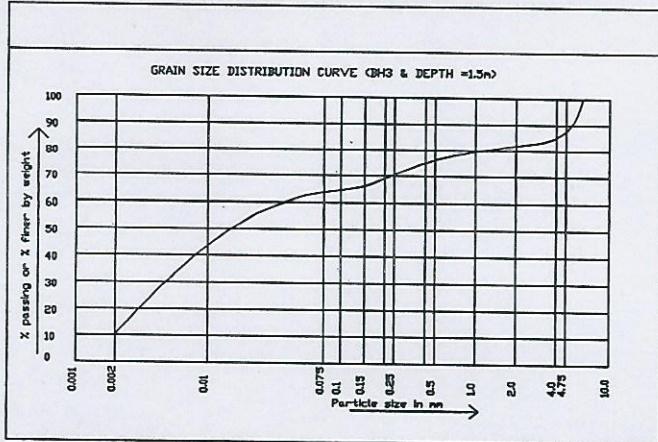
BORE LOG AND DEPTH~ SPT GRAPH (PROPOSED SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA)











SAMPLE CALCULATION OF CAPACITY OF UNDER REAM PILE for Cohesion				NAME OF PROJECT : SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROPOSED SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA									
The load carrying capacity of the pile has been calculated using IS : 2911 (Part III) 1980,Clause 5.2.3.1													
These calculations are based on													
(a) in fine- grained soils, only on cohesion (c). In t/m ² , taking angle of internal friction = 0													
This is likely to give the minimum capacity of the pile													
Pile diameter, D (m) =	0.5	Hence, area of pile base. Ap (m ²) =	0.196	& circumference (in m) of pile base j =	1.57								
Under ream, diameter, Du (m) =	1.25	Hence, Aa (m ²) =	1.03	Spacing between under ream in m =	1.88	Hence, A's (m ²) =	7.38						
The following values are taken in view of the codal provisions :													
Reduction factor, α, depending on N.													
Skin friction in clay, Qs = α *Ca*As.	Total Ultimate capacity of pile, Qu = Ap*Nc*Cp + Aa*Nc*C'a +C'a*A's												
Total Ultimate capacity of pile, Qu = Ap*Nc*Cp + Aa*Nc*C'a +C'a*A's + Qs													
Safe capacity of pile, Qsf = Qs / 3.0 + Qb / 3.0,		Reduction for water=α=	0.5										
takeing factor of safety =	2.5	FILLING DEPTH=	5	M	TOTAL DEPTH=5+5=			10 M					
Depth of soil layer (m)	Soil type	Average cohesion Ca	cohesion cp t/m ²	Thickness of layer, t [m]	Average cohesion C'a	As = m ²	αAp*Nc*Cp I	αAa*Nc*C'a II	αC'a*A's III	Qs = α *Ca*As IV	Ultimate capacity (TON)	Safe capacity (TON)	
5	clay	6	6	5	6	4.90	5.29	27.81	22.14	14.70	69.94	27.98	

CONSTRUCTION OF SHIKSHA BHAWAN (G+4) AT NALANDA

Table 8

Soil stratification

DEPTH	SOIL TYPE	CONSISTANCY	CLASSIFICATION
0.0-5.0	FILLED UP SOIL (BROKEN BRICK BAT, KHAPRA ETC)	MEDIUM	CI
5.0-10.5	BROWNISH YELLOWISH CLAYEY SILT	STIFF	CI/CL

RECOMMENDATION

The present report is prepared on the basis of lab. Test result & field test conducted in the field.

The lab. test result is obtained by conducting different test on representative sample obtained through 3 no. of bore holes whose location and depth were decided by BSEIDC and shown in the bore hole location plan.

The laboratory test of soil samples obtained in all bore holes are given in Tables 2-7. Study of these tables reveals that the sub-soil strata :

- (a) Soil strata upto 5.0 depth below GL is filled up soil. Broken brick bat, Khapra etc have been reported in this stratum. Rest of Strata is dominated by fine grained soil.

Deep foundation like Pile plane or under reamed is feasible. Pile capacity has been calculated after neglecting the depth of filled up soil.

Double under-reamed Pile

By way of example the calculated value of safe capacity of certain diameter of under-reamed piles using IS 2911 (Part III) are being tabulated below:-

Depth of Pile below GL(m)	Dia of under-reamed Pile (m)	Under-reamed dia (m)	Under-ream spacing, m	Allowable Capacity (Ton)
5.0	0.3	0.725	1.125	12
5.0	0.4	1.0	1.5	19
5.0	0.5	1.25	1.875	25

Limitation

If the sub-soil condition is found much different from those reported here during trenching, suitable steps should be taken. Back filling over footing shall be done with proper compaction.

Pile capacity shall be confirmed by Initial and Routine pile load test, before starting the work, as per relevant Indian codes.

Subodh Kumar Sinha

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